

For mild cognitive impairment (MCI)
or mild dementia due to early Alzheimer's disease

By treating memory and thinking problems early

YOU STILL CAN BE
with **LEQEMBI®**



**THE ONLY
SELF-INJECTION**
available for early
Alzheimer's disease

KAMALA

LEQEMBI PATIENT SINCE 2024

Your LEQEMBI IQLIK® dose may include 1 or 2 injections each, depending on your prescription.

People shown were compensated for their time, and information is accurate as of February 2026.

WHAT IS LEQEMBI?

LEQEMBI is a prescription medicine used to treat people with early Alzheimer's disease, which includes mild cognitive impairment (MCI) or mild dementia stage of disease.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about LEQEMBI?

LEQEMBI can cause serious side effects, including: ARIA (Amyloid-Related Imaging Abnormalities). ARIA is a side effect that does not usually cause any symptoms, but serious symptoms can occur. ARIA can be fatal.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout. Click underlined links for [Medication Guide with Instructions for Use](#) and [full Prescribing Information](#), including Boxed WARNING.

 **LEQEMBI®**
(lecanemab-irmb)

REIMAGINE TREATMENT with LEQEMBI

Use this guide to learn more about LEQEMBI:



**Works
2 ways**
to fight early
Alzheimer's
disease

page 6



**Proven
results**
in significantly
slowing
progression*

page 8



**Offers
treatment
options**
with self-injections
or IV infusions

page 10

*Based on an 18-month study; compared with people not taking LEQEMBI.
LEQEMBI does not cure Alzheimer's disease or stop its progression.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What is the most important information I should know about LEQEMBI?

- ARIA commonly shows up as temporary swelling in areas of the brain that usually goes away over time
- Small spots of bleeding in or on the surface of the brain can occur
- Less often, larger areas of bleeding in the brain can occur

*We have a
busy schedule,
so we wanted
a treatment that*

**FIT INTO
OUR LIFE.**

LEONARD

LEQEMBI PATIENT SINCE 2023



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WHO LEQEMBI IS FOR

LEQEMBI is for people in the early stages of Alzheimer's disease—before symptoms require much daily support.

The stages of Alzheimer's disease

Early stage: Mild cognitive impairment (MCI) and mild dementia due to Alzheimer's disease

When symptoms, such as difficulty remembering names and completing tasks, are still manageable without much daily support.



LEQEMBI may be right for you if you're in this stage.

Middle stage

When symptoms, such as getting lost or having difficulty with complex tasks, require more day-to-day support.

Late stage

When symptoms, such as personality changes and trouble moving around, require full-time care.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What is the most important information I should know about LEQEMBI?

- Most people with ARIA don't have any symptoms. However, some people may notice: headache, confusion, dizziness, vision changes, nausea, difficulty walking, seizures, difficulty speaking, or muscle weakness
- Some people have a gene called ApoE4 that may increase the risk of ARIA. Talk to your healthcare provider about testing to see if you have this gene

TESTS TO KNOW ABOUT

Your healthcare provider may use these tests to understand what may be causing your symptoms.



A blood-based biomarker (BBM) test looks for proteins in your blood that are linked to Alzheimer's disease.

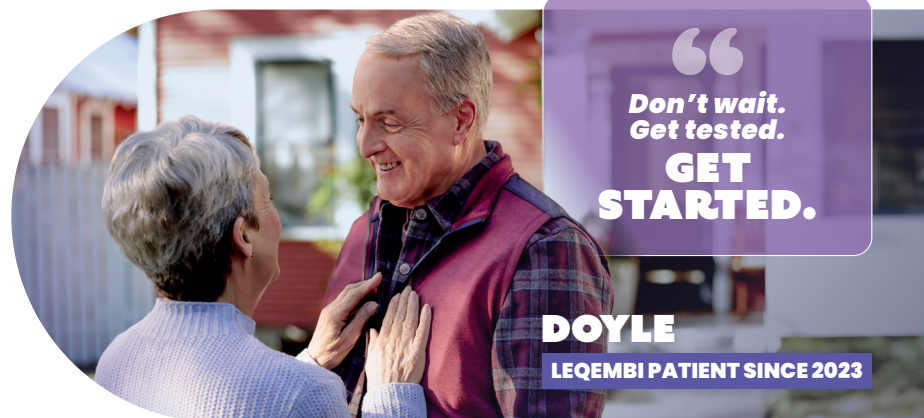


An amyloid positron emission tomography (PET) scan uses a special machine that takes pictures of the brain to look for proteins related to Alzheimer's disease.



A cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) test takes samples of the fluid around your brain and spinal cord to see if proteins linked to Alzheimer's disease are present in it.

Talk to your healthcare provider about which tests are right for you.



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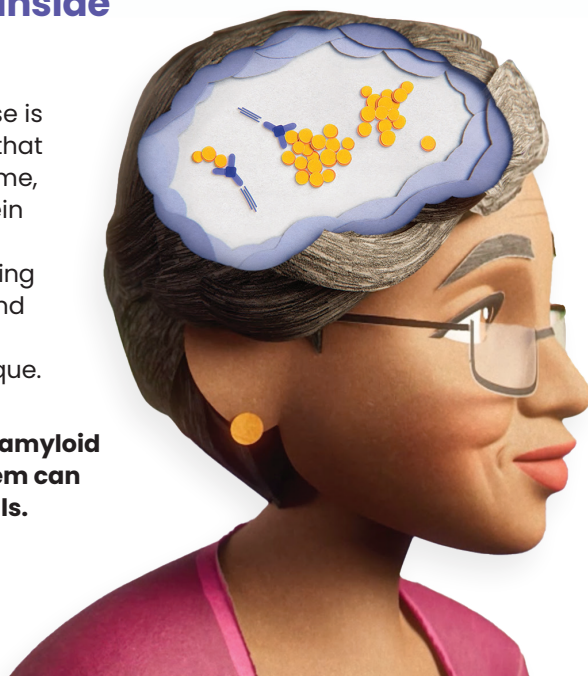
 **LEQEMBI[®]**
(lecanemab-irmb)

HOW LEQEMBI WORKS

To understand LEQEMBI, take a look inside the brain.

Alzheimer's disease is a brain condition that gets worse over time, caused by a protein called amyloid continuously building up in your brain and forming harmful amyloid brain plaque.

Though there are different types of amyloid proteins, all of them can damage brain cells.



KEY



Different amyloid proteins



Amyloid brain plaque



LEQEMBI

For illustrative purposes only. Individual results may vary.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

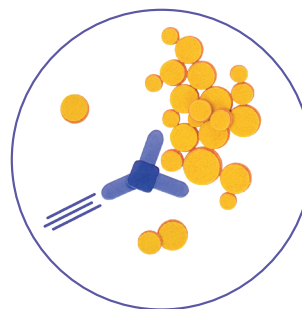
What is the most important information I should know about LEQEMBI?

- You may be at a higher risk of developing bleeding in the brain if you take medicines to reduce blood clots from forming (antithrombotic medicines) while receiving LEQEMBI. Talk to your healthcare provider to see if any of the medicines you're taking increase this risk
- Your healthcare provider will check for ARIA with MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) scans before you start LEQEMBI and during treatment

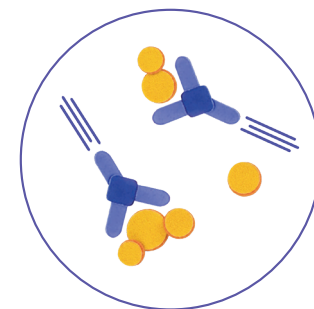
Only LEQEMBI fights
Alzheimer's disease in 2 ways



Scan the QR code or visit [LEQEMBI.com/2Ways](https://www.leqembi.com/2Ways) to watch how LEQEMBI works



LEQEMBI rapidly
clears amyloid
brain plaque



LEQEMBI keeps
working to clear harmful
amyloid proteins that
create brain plaque



People taking LEQEMBI were shown to have
less amyloid brain plaque starting at 3 months.

- You should carry information that says you are receiving LEQEMBI, which can cause ARIA, and that ARIA symptoms can look like stroke symptoms

Call your healthcare provider or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away if you have any of the symptoms listed, starting on page 4.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout. Click underlined links for [Medication Guide with Instructions for Use](#) and [full Prescribing Information](#), including Boxed WARNING.

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(lecanemab-irmb)

RESULTS WITH LEQEMBI

Even though you cannot stop Alzheimer's disease from getting worse, you can take steps to slow how fast it progresses.



LEQEMBI was proven to **SIGNIFICANTLY SLOW THE PROGRESSION*** of early Alzheimer's disease

How progression was measured

A tool called the Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) scale measured progression by asking people how Alzheimer's disease impacted the different abilities listed below. LEQEMBI was not proven to individually impact each of these abilities.

- Remembering
- Completing daily tasks
- Staying active
- Problem-solving
- Knowing your way around
- Doing activities independently

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Serious allergic reactions:

Do not receive LEQEMBI if you have serious allergic reactions to LEQEMBI, LEQEMBI IQLIK, or any of the ingredients.

- Tell your healthcare provider and get medical help right away if you notice any symptoms during or after treatment with LEQEMBI, including: swelling of the face, lips, mouth, or tongue; itchy bumps on the skin, also known as hives; or difficulty breathing



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Who was included in the study

1,795 men and women, ages 50 to 90, from different ethnic and racial backgrounds, took part.[†] They had either mild cognitive impairment (MCI) or mild dementia due to Alzheimer's disease at the beginning of the study.

^{*}Based on an 18-month study; compared with people not taking LEQEMBI. LEQEMBI does not cure Alzheimer's disease or stop its progression.

[†]The study was divided into 2 groups. One group took LEQEMBI (898 people), and the other group did not take LEQEMBI (897 people).

Infusion-related reactions:

- Infusion-related reactions are a common side effect that can occur during or after completion with LEQEMBI injection into a vein (intravenously), which can be serious.

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TREATMENT OPTIONS TO FIT YOUR LIFE



Self-injections with LEQEMBI IQLIK

The power to slow
progression* in the
palm of your hand.

LEQEMBI IQLIK (pronounced “i-click”) is an autoinjector that you or a care partner uses to inject under the skin (subcutaneous injection).[†]

What LEQEMBI IQLIK could mean for you:



**Takes less time to complete
than LEQEMBI IV infusions**



**Offers more flexibility to travel[‡]
while staying on schedule**



**Provides the convenience
of treating at home**

93%

of LEQEMBI IQLIK
patients and
their loved ones
found the autoinjector
easy to use.[§]

*Based on an 18-month study; compared with people not taking LEQEMBI. LEQEMBI does not cure Alzheimer's disease or stop its progression.

[†]Your healthcare provider will guide you through the injection of LEQEMBI IQLIK for at least your first 2 weekly doses and answer any questions.

[‡]For information on storing and using LEQEMBI IQLIK, please see Instructions for Use on [LEQEMBI.com/instructionsforuse](https://www.leqembi.com/instructionsforuse). Once the LEQEMBI IQLIK autoinjector has been stored at room temperature, do not return it to the refrigerator.

[§]Based on interviews with 50 patients with early Alzheimer's disease and 50 care partners. Participants used a training autoinjector (no needle or medication) and injection pad, then completed surveys on ease of use.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Infusion-related reactions:

- Tell your healthcare provider right away if you notice any of these symptoms: fever; flu-like symptoms (chills, body aches, feeling shaky, joint pain); nausea and/or vomiting; dizziness or

Together, you and your healthcare provider can decide how to get started on LEQEMBI



IV Infusions with LEQEMBI

LEQEMBI is also available as an intravenous (IV) infusion. This means a needle is placed in a vein in your arm to give you the medicine.



Maintenance dosing

**LEQEMBI lets you keep slowing progression
after 18 months with self-injections or infusions.**

Both LEQEMBI IQLIK self-injections and LEQEMBI IV infusions have maintenance dosing options. If you and your healthcare provider decide maintenance treatment is right for you, continuing on LEQEMBI may help you keep seeing the benefits of slowing progression.

lightheadedness; fast or slow heart rate, or feeling like your chest is pounding; difficulty breathing or shortness of breath; or changes in blood pressure

- If you have an infusion-related reaction, your healthcare provider may give you medicines before your next infusion to lower the chance of having a reaction

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Information throughout. Click
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and [full Prescribing Information](#),
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POTENTIAL SIDE EFFECTS

It's important to know that all anti-amyloid treatments for Alzheimer's disease include MRI monitoring. LEQEMBI can cause serious side effects, including one called ARIA (Amyloid-Related Imaging Abnormalities). ARIA commonly shows up as temporary swelling or bleeding in the brain, and can only be seen with MRI monitoring. Most of the time, ARIA does not cause any symptoms, though serious symptoms can occur and can be fatal.

That's why you will receive an MRI before treatment and 4 MRIs after you start treatment—to help your healthcare provider spot any changes early.

Your exact MRI schedule will be determined by your healthcare provider and may include additional MRIs.

Understanding the role your genes play

A gene called ApoE4 may put people at higher risk for ARIA. Your healthcare provider can test to see if you have this gene. By understanding your risk, you can better prepare for treatment with LEQEMBI.

Symptoms of ARIA

Most people with ARIA don't have any symptoms. However, some people may notice:



headache



vision changes



seizures



confusion



nausea



difficulty speaking



dizziness



difficulty walking



muscle weakness

Call your healthcare provider or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away if you have any of the symptoms listed above.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Injection-related reactions:

- Injection-related reactions may occur with LEQEMBI injection under the skin (subcutaneous injection with LEQEMBI IQLIK). Tell your healthcare provider if you notice any of these symptoms during or after an injection: redness, swelling, heat, pain, itching, rash, bump, bruising, and blood collection under the skin at the injection site; headache, chills, fatigue, or fever may also be observed after an injection

Make sure you know about these possible reactions:

Serious allergic reactions:

Swelling of the face, lips, mouth, or tongue; itchy bumps on the skin, also known as hives; or difficulty breathing have happened during treatment with LEQEMBI.

Infusion-related reactions are a possible side effect of LEQEMBI.

These include fever, flu-like symptoms (chills, body aches, feeling shaky, and joint pain), nausea and/or vomiting, dizziness or lightheadedness, fast or slow heart rate, or feeling like your chest is pounding, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath, and changes in your blood pressure.

Injection-related reactions are a possible side effect of LEQEMBI IQLIK.

Redness, swelling, heat, pain, itching, rash, bump, bruising, and blood collection under the skin at the injection site may be observed. Headache, chills, fatigue, or fever may also be observed after an injection.

Tell your healthcare provider or infusion care team right away if you experience any of these symptoms. They can tell you what to do and if medicine may help.

The most common side effects of LEQEMBI include infusion-related reactions with LEQEMBI injected into a vein, ARIA, and headache.

These are not all the possible side effects of LEQEMBI. Call your doctor for more information and medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to the FDA at www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Before receiving LEQEMBI, tell your healthcare provider about:

- **All your medical conditions**, including if you are pregnant, breastfeeding, or plan to become pregnant or breastfeed. It is not known if LEQEMBI could harm your unborn or breastfeeding baby

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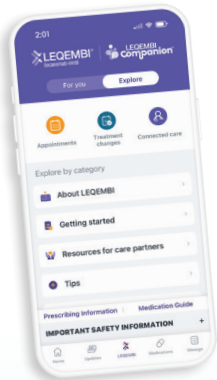
NAVIGATE TREATMENT with support by your side

The LEQEMBI Companion™ program

can help you get information about accessing treatment, understand your insurance coverage and potential out-of-pocket costs, and identify financial support programs, including the LEQEMBI Copay Assistance Program, if you are eligible for them.

Ready to get started?

Talk to your healthcare provider about enrolling in the LEQEMBI Companion program today. For more information about the program and additional resources, visit [LEQEMBI.com/PatientSupport](https://leqembi.com/PatientSupport).



The LEQEMBI Companion™ app

can help you stay on track with treatment.



Scan the QR code to download the app or visit [LEQEMBI.com/CompanionAppSignUp](https://leqembi.com/CompanionAppSignUp) to learn more

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Before receiving LEQEMBI, tell your healthcare provider about:

- **All the medicines you take**, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Especially tell your healthcare provider if you take medicines to reduce blood clots from forming (antithrombotic medicines, including aspirin)

FIND OUT IF LEQEMBI IS RIGHT FOR YOU

Use these conversation starters at your next healthcare provider appointment.

- 1 Why is it important to act early for Alzheimer's disease?
- 2 How does LEQEMBI help fight early Alzheimer's disease?
- 3 What are the benefits and risks of LEQEMBI?
- 4 What tests do I need to confirm if LEQEMBI is right for me?
- 5 Could LEQEMBI IQLIK self-injections be right for me?



To create a personalized discussion guide, **scan the QR code** or visit [LEQEMBI.com/discussion](https://leqembi.com/discussion)

LEQEMBI (lecanemab-irmb) is available as:

- Intravenous infusion: 100 mg/mL
- Subcutaneous injection: 200 mg/mL

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“
*I’m living proof that
acting early can*
**MAKE A
DIFFERENCE.**

LEONARD

LEQEMBI PATIENT SINCE 2023

TAKE THE NEXT STEP

and ask your healthcare provider about LEQEMBI

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LEQE-US5289 July 2026

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